

North-West London and South-Central England has the largest gap in levels of academisation of all RSC regions between both phases, and this has grown further in the last 12 months.

1. Growth in academisation in the secondary phase is consistent with the national average over the last 12 months. Growth in the primary phase is below average.
2. The region has both the highest number of academies in a SAT and the highest proportion of its academies in this type of structure when compared to other regions.
3. The top five academised LAs grew slightly above average in the secondary sector, but slightly below in the primary sector over the last 12 months. The five least academised LAs did not grow in the primary sector.
4. Levels of academisation in this region's* LAs ranges from eight per cent in Camden and Bracknell Forest to 63 per cent in Slough.

*This excludes the City of London

Key facts: 31 per cent of state schools in the region are academised.

18%

of **primary** schools are academies

2.2

percentage point **increase** since September 2015

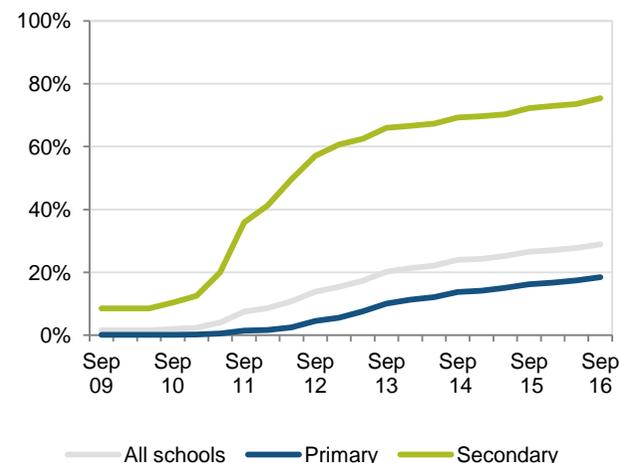
75%

of **secondary** schools are academies

3.2

percentage point **increase** since September 2015

Growth in academisation in the secondary phase was above average compared with other regions.

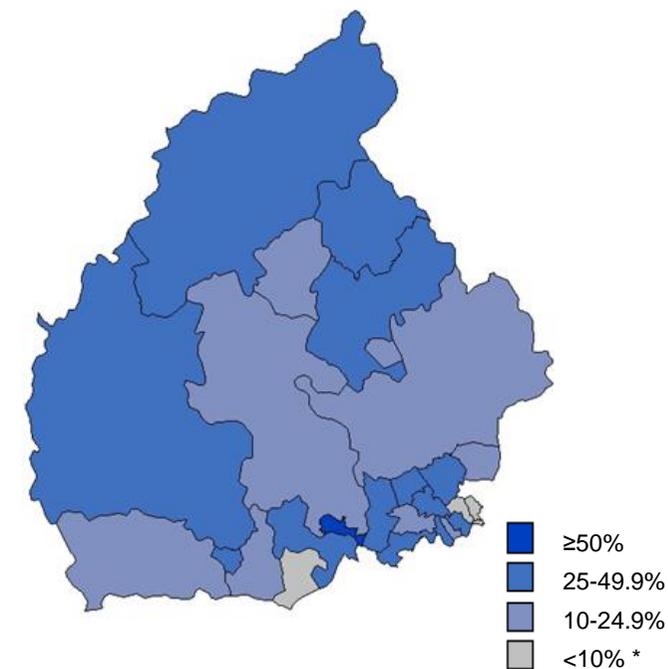
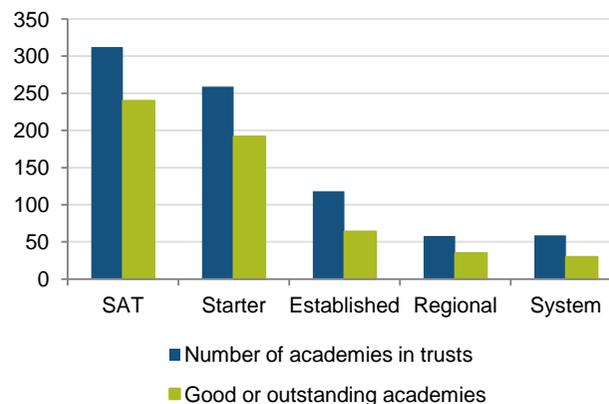


Growth has been greatest in the secondary sector in highly academised LAs and is in line with the national average for the least academised LAs. Growth in the primary phase is below average.

	Primary	Secondary
Top 5 academised LAs	3.2%	4.3%
Bottom 5 academised LAs	0.0%	2.8%

The level of academisation by LA varies little overall, compared with other RSC regions. However, in the primary phase all but one LA has fewer than 50 per cent academised. In the secondary phase, nearly half of LAs are over 80 per cent academised.

This region has the highest number of academies in SATs, but lower than average starter/established trusts.



* There are no LAs with <10 per cent academisation.